

## Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam

Separate Interim Financial Statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021



# Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Content

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### Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Bank Information

## Establishment and Operation Licence

Establishment and Operation Licence No. 138/GP-NHNN dated 23 May 2008 issued by the State Bank of Vietnam, Decision No. 2719/QD-NHNN dated 27 December 2011, Decision No. 523/QD-NHNN dated 22 March 2012, Decision No. 1547/QD-NHNN dated 6 August 2014, Decision No. 2182/QD-NHNN dated 26 October 2015, Decision No. 95/QD-NHNN dated 18 January 2017, Decision No. 891/QD-NHNN dated 8 May 2017, Decision No. 2293/QD-NHNN dated 31 October 2017, Decision No. 300/QD-NHNN dated 21 February 2019 and Decision No. 2447/QD-NHNN dated 25 November 2019 promulgated by the State Bank of Vietnam amending and supplementing the operations of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam.

## Business Registration Certificate

Business Registration Certificate with Enterprise Code No. 0103024468 issued by Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 2 June 2008, with Enterprise Code No. 0100112437 being amended 13<sup>th</sup> time on 16 January 2019.

## Members of the Board of Directors during the period and until the issuance date of the separate interim financial statements

Mr. Nghiem Xuan Thanh	Chairman	Retired on 3 July 2021
Mr. Do Viet Hung	Member	Appointed on 26 April 2019
	In charge of the Board of Directors	Appointed on 3 July 2021
Mr. Pham Quang Dung	Member	Re-appointed on 27 April 2018
Mr. Nguyen Manh Hung	Member	Re-appointed on 27 April 2018
Mr. Nguyen My Hao	Member	Re-appointed on 27 April 2018
Mr. Eiji Sasaki	Member	Dismissed on 23 April 2021
Mr. Pham Anh Tuan	Member	Re-appointed on 27 April 2018
Mr. Hong Quang	Member	Appointed on 27 April 2018
Mr. Truong Gia Binh	Independent Member	Appointed on 27 April 2018
Mr. Shorijo Mizoguchi	Member	Appointed on 23 April 2021

## Members of the Board of Management during the period and until the issuance date of the separate interim financial statements

Mr. Pham Quang Dung	Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")	Re-appointed on 1 November 2019
Mr. Dao Minh Tuan	Deputy CEO	Re-appointed on 15 June 2017
Mr. Pham Manh Thang	Deputy CEO	Re-appointed on 10 March 2019
Ms. Nguyen Thi Kim Oanh	Deputy CEO	Re-appointed on 26 December 2019
Ms. Dinh Thi Thai	Deputy CEO	Re-appointed on 9 June 2020
Mr. Eiji Sasaki	Deputy CEO	Dismissed on 23 April 2021
Ms. Phung Nguyen Hai Yen	Deputy CEO	Appointed on 15 December 2017
Mr. Le Quang Vinh	Deputy CEO	Appointed on 15 December 2017
Mr. Nguyen Thanh Tung	Deputy CEO	Appointed on 1 April 2019
Mr. Dang Hoai Duc	Deputy CEO	Appointed on 1 April 2019
Mr. Shorijo Mizoguchi	Deputy CEO	Appointed on 23 April 2021

## Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Bank Information (continued)

Members of the Supervisory Board during the period and until the issuance date of the separate interim financial statements

Mr. Lai Huu Phuoc Ms. La Thi Hong Minh Ms. Do Thi Mai Huong Chair of the Board Member Member Appointed on 4 November 2020 Re-appointed on 27 April 2018 Re-appointed on 27 April 2018

Chief Accountant

Mr. Le Hoang Tung Appointed on 15 December 2017

Authorised signature on financial statements (According to Letter of Authorisation No. 64/UQ-VCB-CSTCKT dated 4 March 2020)

Since 4 March 2020 Ms. Phung Nguyen Hai Yen Title: Deputy CEO

The Bank's Head Office

198 Tran Quang Khai Street Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam

Auditor

KPMG Limited Vietnam

## Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Report of the Board of Management

The Board of Management of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam ("the Bank") presents this report and the separate interim financial statements of the Bank for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021.

The Board of Management's responsibility in respect of the separate interim financial statements

The Board of Management is responsible for the separate interim financial statements which give a true and fair view of the separate interim financial position of the Bank, and of its separate interim results of operations and its separate interim cash flows for the period. In preparing the separate interim financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed or not, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the separate interim financial statements; and
- Prepare the separate interim financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Bank will continue its business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept to disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Bank and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Bank and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board of Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying separate interim financial statements.

### Statement of the Board of Management

The Board of Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying separate interim financial statements give a true and fair view of the separate interim financial position of the Bank as at 30 June 2021, and of its separate interim results of operations and its separate interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to credit institutions issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting.

For and on behalf of the Board of Management:

NGÂN HÀNG THƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẨN NGOẠI TNƯƠNG

VIỆT NA

Ms. Phung Nguyen Hai Yen

Deputy CEO

Hanoi, 13 August 2021



KPMG Limited 46<sup>th</sup> Floor, Keangnam Landmark 72 E6 Pham Hung Road, Me Tri Ward South Tu Liem District, Hanoi, Vietnam +84 (24) 3946 1600 | kpmg.com.vn

#### INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REVIEW REPORT

To: The Shareholders

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam

We have reviewed the accompanying separate interim financial statements of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam ("the Bank"), which comprise the separate interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2020, the separate interim statements of income and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and the explanatory notes thereto which were authorised for issue by the Bank's Board of Management on 13 August 2021, as set out on pages 6 to 56.

#### The Board of Management's responsibility

The Bank's Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to credit institutions issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting, and for such internal control as the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of separate interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these separate interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.





#### **Auditor's Conclusion**

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying separate interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the unconsolidated financial position of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam as at 30 June 2021 and of its unconsolidated results of operations and its unconsolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to credit institutions issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting.

Vietnam: Vietnam: OBEVIEW REPORT No.: 20-02-00587-21-1

Wang Toon Kim
Practicing Auditor Registration
Certificate No. 0557-2018-007-1
Deputy General Director

Hanoi, 13 August 2021

Truong Vinh Phuc
Practicing Auditor Registration
Certificate No. 1901-2018-007-1

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam 198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Separate interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2021

Form B02a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

No.	Items	Note	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
A	ASSETS			
I	Cash on hand, gold, silver and gemstones		13,073,170	15,059,581
II	Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam		23,226,345	33,009,681
III	Balances with and loans to other credit			
	institutions		187,347,837	268,938,448
1	Balances with other credit institutions		162,369,766	201,896,086
2	Loans to other credit institutions		25,978,071	68,042,362
3	Allowance for balances with and loans to other			
	credit institutions		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
IV	Trading securities	4	1,595,906	62,623
1	Trading securities		1,595,906	62,623
VI	Loans to customers		889,673,526	813,701,003
1	Loans to customers	5	913,758,114	832,876,112
2	Allowance for loans to customers	6	(24,084,588)	(19,175,109)
VIII	Investment securities	7	147,988,847	156,923,184
1	Available-for-sale securities		49,331,768	42,140,641
2	Held-to-maturity securities		99,230,545	115,382,544
3	Allowance for investment securities		(573,466)	(600,001)
IX	Capital contributions, long-term investments		5,630,048	5,511,728
1	Investments in subsidiaries	8(a)	3,560,600	3,442,280
2	Investments in joint-ventures	8(b)	545,515	545,515
3	Investments in associates	8(c)	11,110	11,110
4	Other long-term investments	0(0)	1,587,823	1,587,823
5	Allowance for long-term investments		(75,000)	(75,000)
X	Fixed assets		8,032,610	8,230,592
1	Tangible fixed assets		5,092,890	5,118,663
а	Cost		12,269,262	11,926,789
b	Accumulated depreciation		(7,176,372)	(6,808,126)
3	Intangible fixed assets		2,939,720	3,111,929
а	Cost		4,156,304	4,154,324
b	Accumulated amortisation		(1,216,584)	(1,042,395)
XII	Other assets		22,236,167	19,365,737
1	Receivables		9,866,374	6,171,215
2	Accrued interest and fee receivables		6,063,588	7,081,361
3	Deferred tax assets		902,392	902,392
4	Other assets		5,403,858	5,210,814
5	Allowance for other assets		(45)	(45)
J	2 MONUMO 101 OHIO1 (ISSOES		(45)	(43)
	TOTAL ASSETS		1,298,804,456	1,320,802,577

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam 198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Separate interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2021 (continued)

Form B02a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

No.	Items	Note	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
В	LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY			
I	Amounts due to the Government and the State			
	Bank of Vietnam	9	9,077,476	41,176,995
II	Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions	10	82,012,746	101,597,542
1	Deposits from other credit institutions		81,523,335	101,597,542
2	Borrowings from other credit institutions		489,411	-
III	Deposits from customers	11	1,052,198,502	1,032,263,551
IV	Derivative financial instruments and other	120	9	
	financial liabilities		30,621	52,031
V	Funds for finance, entrusted investments and			
	entrusted loans		9,884	14,679
VI	Valuable papers issued	12	21,364,149	21,369,849
VII	Other liabilities		31,506,644	32,139,734
1	Accrued interest and fee payables		9,367,736	9,800,017
3	Other liabilities	13	22,138,908	22,339,717
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,196,200,022	1,228,614,381
VIII	Owners' equity			
1	Capital		42,084,575	42,084,575
a	Charter capital		37,088,774	37,088,774
C	Share premium		4,995,389	4,995,389
g	Other capital		412	412
2	Reserves		14,617,898	14,620,338
5	Retained profits		45,901,961	35,483,283
а	Previous years' retained profits		35,483,091	22,005,205
b	Current period's/year's retained profits		10,418,870	13,478,078
	TOTAL OWNERS' EQUITY	15(a)	102,604,434	92,188,196
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		1,298,804,456	1,320,802,577

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam 198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Separate interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2021 (continued) Form B02a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

No.	Items	Note	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
	OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS			
1	Credit guarantees		1,490,910	654,296
2	Foreign exchange commitments		131,720,422	116,656,912
	Foreign currency buying commitments		8,985,672	53,984,032
	Foreign currency selling commitments		8,865,761	62,672,880
	Swap commitments		113,868,989	-
4	Letters of credit		60,756,717	45,980,494
5	Other guarantees		55,032,284	50,892,327
6	Other commitments		670,549	626,103

Hanoi, 13 August 2021

Prepared by:

Approved by:

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Huong

Mr. Le Hoang Tung

Ms. Phung Nguyen Hai Yen

NGÂN HÀNG HƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẨN NGOẠI THƯƠNG

VIĘT N

Deputy Director of Financial and Accounting Policy Department

Chief Accountant

Deputy CEO

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam 198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Separate interim statement of income for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021

Form B03a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

No.	Items	Note	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million
1 2	Interest and similar income Interest and similar expenses	16 17	34,669,088 (13,798,946)	34,658,816 (17,781,094)
I	Net interest income		20,870,142	16,877,722
3 4	Fee and commission income Fee and commission expenses		5,452,272 (1,847,980)	3,938,289 (1,785,417)
II	Net fee and commission income		3,604,292	2,152,872
Ш	Net gain from trading of foreign currencies		2,026,445	1,930,264
IV	Net loss from trading securities	18	(4,890)	(15,617)
5 6	Other income Other expenses		1,612,555 (268,971)	1,608,737 (286,462)
VI	Net other income		1,343,584	1,322,275
VII	Income from capital contributions and equity investments	19	9,423	347,889
	TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		27,848,996	22,615,405
VIII	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	20	(9,326,563)	(7,908,047)
IX	Net operating profit before allowance for credit losses		18,522,433	14,707,358
X	Allowance for credit losses		(5,501,201)	(4,000,000)
XI	PROFIT BEFORE TAX (CARRIED TO THE NEXT PAGE)		13,021,232	10,707,358

Form B03a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

No.	Items	Note	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million
XI	PROFIT BEFORE TAX (BROUGHT FROM THE PREVIOUS PAGE)		13,021,232	10,707,358
7 8	Current corporate income tax expenses Deferred corporate income tax expenses		(2,602,362)	(1,739,070) (400,000)
XII	Corporate income tax expenses		(2,602,362)	(2,139,070)
XIII	NET PROFIT AFTER TAX		10,418,870	8,568,288

Hanoi, 13 August 2021

Prepared by:

Mr. Le Hoang Tung

Approved by:

Ms. Phung Nguyen Hai Yen

NGÂN HĂNG THƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẨN NGOẠI THƯƠNG

NGONI THƯƠNG VIỆT NAM

N KIÊM - T.

entant Deputy CEO

Deputy Director of Financial and Accounting Policy Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Huong

Chief Accountant

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam 198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Separate interim statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (Direct method) Form B04a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

No.	Items	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020
		VND million	VND million
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
01	Interest and similar income received	35,686,860	35,937,678
02	Interest and similar expenses paid	(14,231,227)	(17,208,314)
03	Net fee and commission income received	2,764,742	2,152,872
04	Net receipts and payments from trading activities (foreign		
	currencies, gold and securities)	1,785,301	1,721,310
05	(Other expenses paid)/other income received	(221,527)	122,941
06	Receipts from bad debts previously written off	1,563,527	1,197,679
07	Payments to employees and for other operating activities	(7,792,292)	(6,208,611)
08	Corporate income tax paid during the period	(3,619,701)	(2,507,708)
	Net cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities	15,935,683	15,207,847
	(Increase)/decrease in operating assets		
09	Balances with and loans to other credit institutions	12,877,817	3,613,433
10	Trading securities	7,427,589	2,226,461
11	Derivative financial instruments and other financial assets	-	98,312
12	Loans to customers	(80,882,002)	(36,245,071)
13	Utilisation of allowance for credit losses	(618,003)	_
14	Other operating assets	(3,930,846)	(1,223,010)
	Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities		
15	Amounts due to the Government and the SBV	(32,099,519)	(82,039,710)
16	Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions	(19,584,796)	(25, 193, 652)
17	Deposits from customers	19,934,951	52,915,984
18	Valuable papers issued	(5,700)	(901)
19	Funds for finance, entrusted investments and entrusted loans	(4,795)	(2,501)
20	Derivative financial instruments and other financial liabilities	(21,410)	59,126
21	Other operating liabilities	3,217,468	9,600,000
22	Payments from reserves	(1,529,593)	(1,026,350)
I	Net cash flows from operating activities	(79,283,156)	(62,010,032)

(Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

No.	Items	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
01	Payments for purchases of fixed assets	(344,453)	(421,157)
02	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets	2,134	2,031
03	Payments for disposals of fixed assets	(550)	(376)
07	Payments for investments in other entities	(118,320)	-
08	Collections from investments in other entities	-	605,880
09	Dividends and profits received from equity investments and		
	capital contributions	9,423	12,009
II	Net cash flows from investing activities	(451,766)	198,387
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
03	Dividends paid to shareholders	(747,619)	(747,619)
Ш	Net cash flows from financing activities	(747,619)	(747,619)
IV	Net cash flows during the period	(80,482,541)	(62,559,264)
V	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	291,166,400	270,120,386
VII	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 21)	210,683,859	207,561,122
	(Note 21)		

Hanoi, 13 August 2021

Prepared by:

Mr. Le Hoang Tung

Ms. Phung Nguyen Hai Yen

Approved by:

NGÂN HÀNG

THƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẦN NGOẠ THƯƠNG VIỆ NAM

Deputy CEO

Deputy Director of Financial and Accounting Policy Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Huong

Chief Accountant

Form B05a/TCTD
(Issued in accordance with
Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN
dated 31 December 2014)

These notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, the accompanying separate interim financial statements.

## 1. Reporting entity

## (a) Establishment and operations

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam ("the Bank") was established upon the transformation from a state-owned commercial bank following the approval of the Prime Minister on the equitisation plan of the Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam and in accordance with other relevant regulations. The Bank was granted Establishment and Operation Licence No. 138/GP-NHNN dated 23 May 2008 by the State Bank of Vietnam ("the SBV") for a period of 99 years, Business Registration Certificate No. 0103024468 dated 2 June 2008 by Hanoi Authority for Planning and Investment and Enterprise Code No. 0100112437 was reissued for the thirteenth time on 16 January 2019.

The principal activities of the Bank in accordance with Decision No. 2719/QD-NHNN dated 27 December 2011, Decision No. 2182/QD-NHNN dated 26 October 2015, Decision No. 891/QD-NHNN dated 8 May 2017, Decision No. 2293/QD-NHNN dated 31 October 2017, Decision No. 300/QD-NHNN dated 21 February 2019 and Decision No. 2447/QD-NHNN dated 25 November 2019 amending and supplementing to Establishment and Operation Licence No. 138/GP-NHNN on the contents of the Bank's operations are to mobilise and receive short, medium and long-term deposits from organisations and individuals; lend to organisations and individuals up to the nature and capability of the Bank's capital resources; conduct settlement and cash services; provide other banking services as approved by the SBV; invest in associates, joint-ventures and other companies; invest in stocks and bonds and real-estate business in accordance with the relevant regulations; trade in and supply interest rates derivatives and commodity price derivatives in accordance with the relevant regulations; purchase debts; trade in and provide foreign exchange services in the domestic and international markets in accordance with the relevant regulations of the SBV.

## (b) Charter capital

Under Establishment and Operation Licence No. 138/GP-NHNN dated 23 May 2008 issued by the SBV and Business Registration Certificate No. 0103024468 dated 2 June 2008 issued by Hanoi Authority for Planning and Investment, the Bank's charter capital was VND12,100,860,260,000. Under Enterprise Registration Certificate with Enterprise Code No. 0100112437 was reissued for the thirteenth time on 16 January 2019 and the amendment of Establishment and Operation Licence No. 138/GP-NHNN of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam under Decision No. 300/QD-NHNN dated 21 February 2019 of the SBV, the Bank's charter capital was VND37,088,774,480,000. The par value of share is VND10,000.

At 30/6/2021 and 31/12/2020	
Number of shares	%
2,774,353,387	74.80%
556,334,933	15.00%
378,189,128	10.20%
3,708,877,448	100%
	Number of shares  2,774,353,387  556,334,933 378,189,128

#### (c) Location and network

The Bank's Head Office is located at 198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam. As at 30 June 2021, the Bank had one (1) Head Office, one (1) Vietcombank Human Resources Development and Training College, two (2) Cash Processing Centers, one hundred and sixteen (116) branches nationwide, four (4) local subsidiaries, three (3) overseas subsidiaries, two (2) joint-ventures, one (1) associate, one (1) representative office located in the United States of America, one (1) representative office located in Singapore and one (1) representative office located in Ho Chi Minh City (As at 31 December 2020, the Bank had one (1) Head Office, one (1) Vietcombank Human Resources Development and Training College, two (2) Cash Processing Centers, one hundred and sixteen (116) branches nationwide, four (4) local subsidiaries, three (3) overseas subsidiaries, two (2) joint-ventures, one (1) associate, one (1) representative office located in the United States of America, one (1) representative office located in Singapore and one (1) representative office located in Ho Chi Minh City).

## (d) Subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates

#### Subsidiaries

As at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020:

Subsidiaries	Operating Licence	Business sector	Ownership percentage of the Bank
Vietcombank Financial Leasing Company Limited	Operating Licence No. 66/GP-NHNN dated 31 October 2017 granted by the SBV	Financial leasing	100%
Vietcombank Securities Company Limited	Operating Licence No. 09/GPHDKD dated 24 April 2002, the most recent amendment is Operating Licence No. 63/GPDC-UBCK dated 29 December 2017 granted by the State Securities Commission of Vietnam ("SSC")	Securities	100%
Vietnam Finance Company Limited in Hong Kong ("Vinafico")	Business Registration No. 58327 dated 10 February 1978 issued by Hong Kong Monetary Authority	Financial services	100%
Vietcombank Remittance Company Limited	Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0314633162 dated 20 September 2017 granted by Ho Chi Minh City Department of Investment and Planning	Receipt of foreign exchange	100%
Vietcombank Laos Limited	Operating Licence No. 88/BOL dated 25 May 2018 granted by Bank of the Lao P.D.R	Banking	100%
Vietcombank Money Inc.	Business Registration No. E0321392009-6 dated 15 June 2009 granted by the Authority of the State of Nevada, United States	Foreign exchange remittance	87.5%
Vietcombank Tower 198 Ltd.	Investment Licences No. 1578/GP dated 30 May 1996 and the most recent amendment dated 1 March 2019 granted by the Ministry of Planning and Investment	Office leasing	70%

Form B05a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

#### Joint-ventures

As at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020:

Joint-ventures	Operating Licence	Business sector	Ownership percentage of the Bank
Vietcombank – Bonday – Ben Thanh Joint- venture Company Limited	Investment Licence No. 2458/GP dated 7 February 2005 granted by the Ministry of Planning and the most recent Amended Licence No. 2458/GCNDC2/41/1 dated 28 December 2012	Office leasing	52%
Vietcombank Fund Management	Establishment and Operating Licence No. 06/UBCK-GPHDQLQ dated 2 December 2005 granted by the State Securities Commission of Vietnam and the most recent Amended Licence No. 17/GPDC-UBCK dated 9 February 2018	Investment fund management	51%

#### Associates

As at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020:

Associates	Operating Licence	Business sector	Ownership percentage of the Bank
Vietcombank – Bonday Joint-venture Company Limited	Operating Licence No. 283/GP dated 5 December 1991 granted by the Department of Planning and Investment and the most recent Amended Licence No. 283/GPDC4 dated 4 March 2002	Office leasing	16%

## (e) Number of employees

As at 30 June 2021, the Bank had 20,532 employees (31 December 2020: 19,518 employees).

Form B05a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Bank in the preparation and presentation of these separate interim financial statements.

Except as described in Note 2(g)(ii), the accounting policies that have been adopted by the Bank in the preparation of these separate interim financial statements are consistent with those adopted in the preparation of the most recent separate annual financial statements.

## (a) Purpose of preparing the separate interim financial statements

The Bank has subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 1(d) and Note 8(a). The Bank has prepared these separate interim financial statements to meet the prevailing requirements in relation to disclosure of information, specified under Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated 16 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on disclosure of information on the securities market ("Circular 96"). In addition, as required by Circular 96, the Bank has also prepared the consolidated interim financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 ("the consolidated interim financial statements"), which were issued on 13 August 2021.

Users of the separate interim financial statements should read them together with the consolidated interim financial statements in order to obtain full information on the consolidated interim financial position, consolidated interim results of operations and consolidated interim cash flows of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

## (b) Basis of preparation

The separate interim financial statements, presented in Vietnam Dong ("VND") and rounded to the nearest million VND ("VND million"), have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to credit institutions ("CI") issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting.

The separate interim financial statements, except for the separate interim statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost concept. The separate interim statement of cash flows is prepared using direct method.

## (c) Accounting period

The Bank's annual accounting period is from 1 January to 31 December. These separate interim financial statements are prepared for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021.

## (d) Foreign currency transactions

All transactions are recorded in their original currencies. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than VND are converted into VND at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted into VND at the exchange rate as at the dates of transactions. Income and expenses in foreign currencies are converted into VND in the separate interim statement of income at the spot exchange rates at the dates of transactions.

Foreign exchange differences arising during the period are recorded in the separate interim statement of income.

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## (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with the SBV, treasury bills and other short-term valuable papers which are eligible for discounting with the SBV, balances with and loans to other credit institutions with original term to maturity not exceeding three months from the original date of placement or lending; investments securities with recoverability or maturity not exceeding three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, and that are subjected to an insignificant risk of change in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

## (f) Balances with and loans to other credit institutions

Balances with other credit institutions, except for current deposits, are term deposits with other credit institutions and foreign bank branches with original terms to maturity of not exceeding three months.

Loans to other credit institutions are loans with original terms to maturity of not exceeding twelve months

Demand deposits with other credit institutions are stated at the amount of the outstanding principal.

Term deposits with and loans to other credit institutions are stated at the amount of the outstanding principal less any specific allowance for credit risks.

Debt classification of term deposits with and loans to other credit institutions and allowance for credit risk thereof is made in accordance with Circular No. 02/2013/TT-NHNN dated 21 January 2013 of the SBV on classification of assets, level and method of allowance making, and use of allowance against credit risks in banking activities of credit institutions and foreign banks' branches ("Circular 02") and Circular No. 09/2014/TT-NHNN dated 18 March 2014 of the SBV on amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular 02 ("Circular 09"). Accordingly, the Bank has made specific allowance for term deposits with and loans to other credit institutions in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 2(g(ii)).

According to Circular 02, the Bank is not required to make general allowance for balances with and loans to other credit institutions.

#### (g) Loans to customers

#### (i) Loans to customers

Loans to customers are stated in the separate interim balance sheet at the outstanding amount of principal at the reporting date.

Allowance for credit risk of loans to customers is recorded and stated in a separate line in the separate interim balance sheet. Allowance for credit risk comprises specific allowance for credit risk and general allowance for credit risk.

Debt classification for loans to customers is made in accordance with the method disclosed in Note 2(g)(ii) and allowance for credit risk of loans to customers is made in accordance with Circular 02 and Circular 09.

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## (ii) Specific allowance for credit risk

Since 1 January 2010, the Bank has applied Article 7, Decision No. 493/2005/QD-NHNN dated 22 April 2005 issued by the SBV to make debt classification based on the qualitative method as approved by the SBV. However, according to Circular 02, the Bank is required to classify debts and off-balance sheet commitments in accordance with both Article 10 and Clause 1 of Article 11, Circular 02. In that case, should classifications of a debt in accordance with Article 10 and Clause 1 of Article 11, Circular 02 differ, the debt is to be classified into the group of higher risk.

Since 1 January 2015, the Bank uses the information from Credit Information Center ("CIC") about the debt group of customers at the time of debt classification to adjust the debt group, off-balance sheet commitments. If a customer's debts and off-balance sheet commitments are classified in a debt group that has a lower risk than the debt groups provided in CIC's list, the Bank shall adjust its classification of debts and off-balance commitments following the debt groups provided by CIC.

Specific allowance is calculated based on the following allowance rates corresponding to debt principal less the discounted value of collateral assets:

	Allowance rate
Group 1 – Current debt	0%
Group 2 - Special mentioned debt	5%
Group 3 – Sub-standard debt	20%
Group 4 – Doubtful debt	50%
Group 5 – Loss debt	100%

Bad debts are debts within Groups 3, 4 and 5.

Since 13 January 2020, the Bank has applied Circular No. 01/2020/TT-NHNN ("Circular 01") issued by the SBV regulating credit institutions and foreign bank branches to reschedule the debt repayment term, exempting, reducing interests and fees, keeping debt group unchanged in order to support customers affected by Covid-19 pandemic. Accordingly, for customers with obligation of paying principals and/or interest during the period from 23 January 2020 to the day after 3 months from the day the Prime Minister declares the end of the Covid-19 pandemic and the borrowers are not able to repay the principal and/or interest in accordance with the payment schedules specified in the signed loan contract/agreement, original signed agreement due to decrease in revenue, profit caused by the effect of Covid-19 pandemic, the Bank is allowed to reschedule the repayment period for these debts while maintaining the same debt group as classified at the most recent date before 23 January 2020.

Since 17 May 2021, the Bank has applied Circular No. 03/2021/TT-NHNN dated 2 April 2021 ("Circular 03") issued by the SBV amending and supplementing certain articles of Circular 01. Accordingly, the customers whose loans were disbursed before 10 June 2020 and incurred obligations of paying principals and/or interest during the period from 23 January 2020 to 31 December 2021; and those customers are unable to pay the principal and/or interest in accordance to the payment schedules specified in signed loan contracts/agreements due to decrease in revenue, income caused by Covid-19 pandemic, the Bank is allowed to reschedule loan repayment periods, exempt or reduce interest and fees, and keep the debt group unchanged as classified in accordance with Circular 02 as follows:

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Loan disbursement timing	Period of debt payment obligation occurrence	Overdue status	Period of overdue occurrence	Principle of keeping debt group unchanged	
Before 23/01/2020		Not past due or overdue up to 10 days	From 30/03/2020 to before 31/12/2021	Keeping the debt group unchanged as classified at	
		Overdue	From 23/01/2020 to 29/03/2020	the most recent date before 23/01/2020.	
From 23/01/2020 to	From 23/01/2020 to 31/12/2021	Not past due or overdue up to 10 days	From 17/05/2021 to before 31/12/2021	Keeping the debt group unchanged as classified at the most recent date before the first date of first rescheduling loan repayment period.	
before 10/06/2020		Overdue	From 23/01/2020 to before 17/05/2021	Keeping the debt grounchanged as classified the most recent da before the date the los becomes overdue.	

For the loan balances with rescheduled repayment period, interest exempted or reduced and debt group being kept unchanged according to the restructured term and their repayment period is not further rescheduled by the Bank in accordance with prevailing regulations: The Bank classifies the debts and make allowance for credit risk in accordance with Circular 02, taking into account the number of times of rescheduling repayment period and keeping debt group unchanged.

At the same time, the Bank determines and recognises the additional specific allowance for the entire outstanding loan balance of customers, including the loan balances with rescheduled repayment period, interest exempted or reduced according to the results of debt classification in accordance with Circular 02 (without applying the provision of keeping debt group unchanged under Circular 03) as follows:

Additional allowance	Deadline
At least 30% of the required additional specific allowance	By 31 December 2021
At least 60% of the required additional specific allowance	By 31 December 2022
100% of the required additional specific allowance	By 31 December 2023

## (iii) General allowance for credit risk

The Bank is required to make a general allowance of 0.75% of total outstanding balances of debts which are classified into Groups 1 to 4 as at the last working day of each quarter. For the fourth quarter of the year, a general allowance is made at 0.75% of total outstanding balances of debts which are classified into Groups 1 to 4 as at the last working day of November.

#### (iv) Bad debts written-off

According to Circular 02, the Bank writes off bad debts in the following cases:

- Borrowers who are dissolved, bankrupted under legal regulations (in case of legal entities); or are deceased or missing (in case of individuals);
- Debts are classified into Group 5.



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#### (h) Investments

#### (i) Trading securities

Trading securities are debt securities, equity securities and other securities which are bought and held for the purpose of reselling within one year to earn capital gains.

Trading securities are initially recognised at cost. They are subsequently measured at the lower of book value and market price. Gains or losses from the sales of trading securities are recognised in the separate interim statement of income.

#### (ii) Investment securities

Investment securities are classified into two categories: available-for-sale and held-to-maturity investment securities. The Bank classifies investment securities on their purchase dates. In accordance with Official Letter No. 2601/NHNN-TCKT dated 14 April 2009 by the SBV, the Bank is allowed to reclassify investment securities once, at maximum, after the acquisition date.

Available-for-sale investment securities

Available-for-sale investment securities are debt securities, equity securities or other securities, which are acquired for an indefinite period and may be sold at any time. For equity securities, the investee is not a subsidiary, associate or joint-venture of the Bank and the Bank is neither a founding shareholder nor a strategic partner; nor has the impact on the enterprise's planning and determining of financial and operating policies under agreements to appoint personnel to the Members' Council/Board of Directors/Board of Management.

Post-acquisition interest income from available-for-sale debt securities is recognised in the separate statement of income on an accrual basis.

#### Held-to-maturity investment securities

Held-to-maturity investment securities are debt securities, with fixed or determinable payments and maturities where the Bank's management has the positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Post-acquisition interest income from held-to-maturity investment securities is recognised in the separate interim statement of income on an accrual basis.

Investment securities are initially recognised at cost, including transaction costs and other directly attributable costs. They are subsequently measured at the book value after amortisation less allowance for investment securities. Premiums and discounts arising from purchases of debt securities are amortised in the separate interim statement of income using the straight-line method over the period from the acquisition dates to the maturity dates.

In addition, according to Circular 02 and Circular 09, investment securities which are unlisted corporate bonds (including bonds issued by other local credit institutions on the secondary market) are subject to debt classification and allowance for credit risk in a manner similar to loans to customers described in Note 2(g). For other available-for-sale investment securities, allowance for diminution in the value of securities is made if their market price decreases to below their cost. For other held-to-maturity investment securities, allowance for diminution in the value of securities is made when there is indication of prolonged decline in securities prices or there is certain evidence that it is difficult for the Bank to fully recover the investment.

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## (iii) Capital contributions, long-term investments

Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates

Subsidiaries are entities that fall in one of the followings:

- The Bank or the Bank and its related parties hold more than 50% of charter capital or more than 50% of the voting rights in that entity;
- The Bank has the power, directly or indirectly, to appoint most of or all of the members of the Board of Directors, the Members' Council or General Director of the entity;
- The Bank has the power to amend, supplement to the entity's charter;
- The Bank and its related parties control, directly or indirectly, the resolution and decision of the annual general shareholders' meeting, the Board of Directors, the Members' Council of the entity.

Joint-ventures are those entities to which the Bank has joint control, established by contractual agreements and require unanimous consent of all joint-venture investors for the entity's strategic financial and operating decisions.

Associates are those entities to which the Bank has significant influence, but not control, over their financial and operating policies.

Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates are stated at cost less allowance for diminution in value.

#### Other long-term investments

Other long-term investments represent the Bank's equity investments in other enterprises where the Bank owns less than 11% of voting rights and is either a founding shareholder or a strategic partner; or has influences on the enterprise's planning and determining of financial and operating policies under agreements to appoint personnel to the Members' Council/Board of Directors/Board of Management but the Bank does not have control or significant influence over the investees.

Other long-term investments include equity securities and other long-term capital contributions which are intended to hold for more than one year (except for capital contributions and investments into joint-ventures, associates and subsidiaries).

Other long-term investments are initially recognised at cost less allowance for diminution in the value of investments.

For investments in unlisted equity securities, the allowance for diminution in the value of long-term investments is made for the local economic entity owned by the Bank at the end of the accounting period which has signs of decrease in value compared to the Bank's carrying value in accordance with Circular No. 48/2019/TT-BTC dated 8 August 2019 issued by the Ministry of Finance ("Circular 48"). Accordingly, the allowance amount for the investment is the difference between the owners' actual contributed capital at the economic entity receiving capital contribution and actual equity of the economic entity at the time of calculating allowance multiplied (x) by the actual percentage of capital contributed into the economic entity by the Bank at the time of calculating allowance. For investments in listed securities or investments whose market price can be determined reliably, allowance is made based on the securities' market price when their carrying amounts are higher than their market prices.

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## (i) Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase at a specific date in the future (repos) are still recognised in the separate interim financial statements. The corresponding cash received from these agreements is recognised in the separate interim balance sheet as a liability. The difference between the sale price and repurchase price is amortised in the separate interim statement of income over the term of the agreement using the straight-line method.

Securities purchased under agreements to resell at a specific date in the future are not recognised in the separate interim financial statements. The corresponding cash paid under these agreements is recognised in the separate interim balance sheet as a loan to customer. The difference between the purchase price and resale price is amortised in the separate interim statement of income over the term of the agreement using the straight-line method.

## (j) Tangible fixed assets

#### (i) Cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use on the site where it is located.

In accordance with Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25 April 2013 issued by the Ministry of Finance ("Circular 45") guiding the framework of management, use and depreciation of fixed assets, assets shall be considered as fixed assets if they meet all of the following three criteria:

- It is certain to gain future economic benefits from the use of such assets;
- The useful life of assets is above one year;
- Historical costs of the assets must be determinable reliably, with a minimum value of VND30,000,000.

Expenditures incurred after the tangible fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to the separate interim statement of income for the period in which the costs are incurred. In case it can be clearly demonstrated that these expenditures have resulted in an increase in the expected future economic benefits obtained from the use of these tangible fixed assets beyond their originally assessed standard level of performance, the expenditures will be capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets.

## (ii) <u>Depreciation</u>

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of tangible fixed assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

•	Buildings and structures	25 years
0	Machinery and equipment	3-5 years
	Motor vehicles and means of transmission	6 years
	Other tangible fixed assets	4 years

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## (k) Intangible fixed assets

#### (i) Land use rights

According to Circular 45, intangible fixed assets recognised as land use rights comprise:

- The land use rights granted by the State with land use fee or receiving the transfer of legal land use rights (including definite and indefinite land use rights);
- The rights to use the leased land before the effective date of the Land Law 2003 but the rent has
  been paid for the leasing time or paid in advance for many years and the remaining paid land
  lease term is at least five years and granted with certificate of land use rights by the competent
  authority.

The initial cost of land use rights is determined as the total amount paid to have the land use rights plus costs of site clearance, ground levelling, registration fee (excluding costs of construction on that land) or the value of land use rights with contributed capital.

Land use rights not recognised as intangible assets comprise:

- Land use rights granted by the State without land use fee;
- Land lease rent paid one time for the entire lease term (the land lease time after the effective date
  of the Land Law 2003 without certificate of land use rights granted), the rent is amortised into
  the business expenses by the number of lease periods;
- Land lease rent paid annually, the rent is recorded into the business expenses in the period in proportion to the rent annually paid.

According to Circular 45, intangible fixed assets which are long-term land use rights with land use fee or receiving the legal long-term land use rights are not amortised.

For the intangible fixed assets which are the value of land use rights with term or the leased land use rights, the period of depreciation is the period permitted for land use of the Bank.

#### (ii) Copyrights, patents and other intangible fixed assets

Copyrights, patents and other intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. These intangible fixed assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over 4 years.

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## (l) Other assets

Except for receivables from uncollectible income as presented in Note 2(s)(iv), allowance for overdue other assets which are not classified as assets bearing credit risk are made in accordance with Circular 48 and Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 22 December 2014 ("Circular 200"). Accordingly, allowance for these assets is based on their overdue period or estimated irrevocable loss for debts that are not due but the Bank has collected evidence to identify that debtor has become bankrupt, filing for bankruptcy or has absconded; or being prosecuted, detained or tried by law enforcement bodies or serving a sentence; or suffering from a serious illness (certified by the hospital); deceased; or those remains irrecoverable after the Bank filing a lawsuit due to its debtor had fled from his/her residence; the debt which has been sued for debt collection by the Bank but the case has been suspended.

Overdue period	Allowance rate
From six (6) months to less than one (1) year	30%
From one (1) year to less than two (2) years	50%
From two (2) years to less than three (3) years	70%
From three (3) years and above	100%

For other assets that are classified as assets with credit risk, the Bank classifies and makes allowance similarly to loans to customers described in Note 2(g).

## (m) Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions

Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions are stated at cost.

## (n) Deposits from customers

Deposits from customers are stated at cost.

#### (o) Valuable papers issued

Valuable papers issued are stated at cost and accumulated amortised premiums or discounts. Cost of valuable papers issued includes the proceeds from the issuance less directly attributable costs.

#### (p) Severance allowance

Under the Vietnamese Labour Code, when an employee who has worked for the Bank for 12 months or more ("the eligible employees") voluntarily terminates his/her labour contract, the Bank is required to pay the eligible employee severance allowance calculated based on years of service until 31 December 2008 and employee's average monthly salary of the latest six-month period until termination. Before 2012, provision for severance allowance had been provided based on employees' years of service and their current salary level.

On 24 October 2012, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 180/2012/TT-BTC ("Circular 180") guiding the financial treatment for redundancy allowance to employees of enterprises. Circular 180 provides that, in preparation of financial statements for the year 2012, if an enterprise's provision for severance allowance still has the outstanding balance, the enterprise must reverse the balance to other income for the year 2012 and must not carry forward the balance to the following year. Accordingly, the Bank reversed the outstanding balance of provision for severance allowance. This change in accounting policy has been applied prospectively from 2012.



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## (q) Bonus and welfare fund

Bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from profit after tax in accordance with the Resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders and recorded as liabilities in the separate interim balance sheet. The bonus and welfare fund is used for the purposes specified in Decree No. 93/2017/ND-CP dated 7 August 2017 issued by the Government ("Decree 93").

## (r) Capital and reserves

#### (i) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognised at par value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from share premium in equity.

#### (ii) Share premium

On receipt of capital from shareholders, the difference between the issuance price and the par value of the shares is recorded in share premium under equity.

#### (iii) Treasury shares

When the Bank repurchases its ordinary shares, the total paid amount including directly attributable costs, net of any tax effects, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are recognised as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from equity.

#### (iv) Reserves

Reserves are used for specific purposes and appropriated from net profit after tax of the Bank at prescribed rates as below:

- Supplementary charter capital reserve: 5% of net profit after tax. According to Decree 93, the maximum balance for this reserve does not exceed the Bank's charter capital.
- Financial reserve: 10% of net profit after tax. The maximum balance for this reserve is not specified under Decree 93.
- Investment and development fund and other funds: appropriated following the resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholders and in accordance with prevailing regulations.

The remaining net profit after tax, after appropriation to reserves and dividends payment, is recorded as retained profits of the Bank.

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## (s) Income and expenses

#### (i) Interest income and interest expenses

The Bank recognises interest income from debts classified in Group 1 – Current debt as defined in Note 2(g) on an accrual basis. Interest receivable from debts being kept debt group as Group 1 – Current debt as a result of applying Circular 01 and Circular 03 or adopting the State's regulations and interest receivable from debts classified in Group 2 to Group 5 are recognised in the separate interim statement of income upon receipt (cash basis).

Interest expenses are recognised on an accrual basis.

#### (ii) Fee and commission and dividend income in cash

Fee and commission are recognised on an accrual basis.

Cash dividends from investment activities are recognised in the separate interim statement of income when the Bank's right to receive dividend is established.

#### (iii) Share dividends

In accordance with Circular 200, share dividends distributed from retained profits, share premium and reserves in equity of joint stock companies are not recorded as an income in the separate interim statement of income. Instead, the additional shares received are reflected as increase in the number of shares held by the Bank.

#### (iv) Uncollectible income

According to Circular No. 16/2018/TT-BTC dated 7 February 2018 issued by the Ministry of Finance, receivables that are recognised as income but uncollectible at the due date are reversed as a reduction of income if the due date is within the same accounting period, or recorded as an expense if the due date is not within the accounting period, and must be monitored on the off-balance sheet for following-up on collection. When the receivable is collected, the Bank will record it in other income.

#### (t) Operating leases

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the separate interim statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### (u) Taxation

Corporate income tax comprises of current and deferred tax. Corporate income tax is recognised in the separate interim statement of income except that it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted at the end of the accounting period, and any adjustment to tax payables in respect of the previous periods.

Deferred income tax is calculated by using the balance sheet method, providing for the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred income tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the accounting period.

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A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

## (v) Related parties

Related parties of the Bank include:

- Parent company or the credit institution considered as the parent company of the Bank;
- The Bank's subsidiaries:
- The party that has the same parent company or parent credit institution with the Bank;
- Management personnel or members of the Supervisory Board of the parent company or parent credit institution of the Bank;
- Individuals or organisations which have the authority to appoint management personnel or members of the Supervisory Board of the parent company or parent credit institution of the Bank;
- Management personnel or members of the Supervisory Board of the Bank;
- Entrities or organisations which have the authority to appoint management personnel, members
  of the Supervisory Board of the Bank;
- Wives, husbands, parents, children (including foster parents, foster children, parents-in-law, son
  -in-law, daughter-in-law, step parents, step children), siblings (including half siblings), brothersin-law, sisters-in-law of management personnel of the Supervisory Board, capital contributors or
  shareholders who hold at least 5% of charter capital or share capital with voting rights of the
  Bank:
- Individuals or organisations that hold at least 5% of charter capital or share capital with voting rights of the Bank; and
- Authorised representatives of owners of contributed capital, shares of the Bank.

The Government of Vietnam, through the State Bank of Vietnam, is a shareholder of the Bank. Therefore, in these separate interim financial statements, some Government agencies, including the Ministry of Finance and the State Bank of Vietnam are considered as related parties of the Bank.

#### (w) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank engaged either in providing related products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

#### (x) Off-balance sheet items

#### (i) Foreign exchange contracts

The Bank enters into foreign exchange forward and swap contracts which enable customers to transfer, modify or reduce their foreign exchange risk or other market risks and also are used for the Bank's business purpose.

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Forward contracts are commitments to either purchase or sell a designated currency at a specific future date for a specific exchange rate and cash settlement. Forward contracts are recorded at nominal values at transaction dates and are subsequently revaluated at the reporting date. Differences on revaluation are recognised under "Foreign exchange differences" in the equity and are recorded in the separate interim statement of income at the end of the accounting period. Differences between the amount in VND of the foreign currency amounts which are committed to buy/sell at forward rate and spot rate are recognised in the separate interim statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the forward contracts.

Currency swap contracts are commitments to settle in cash at a future date based on differences between specified exchange rates, calculated on the notional principal amount. Premiums/discounts arising from the difference of the spot exchange rate at the effective date of the contracts and the forward exchange rate will be recognised immediately on the effective date of the contracts as an asset if they are positive or as a liability if they are negative in the separate interim balance sheet. This difference is amortised to the separate interim statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the swap contracts.

## (ii) Interest swap contracts

Interest swap contracts are commitments to settle in cash the notional principal amounts at the interest amount based on floating or fixed interest rates. The value of commitment in interest rate swap contracts is not recognised on the separate interim balance sheet. The difference of swap interest rates is recognised in the separate interim statement of income on an accrual basis.

## (iii) Commitments and contingent liabilities

The Bank has credit commitments arising from its regular lending activities. These commitments are unutilised loans and overdraft facilities which are approved. The Bank also provides financial guarantees and letters of credit to guarantee the performance of customers to third parties. Many of the contingent liabilities and commitments will expire without any advanced payment, in whole or in part. Therefore, these commitments and contingent liabilities do not represent expected future cash flows.

According to Circular 02 and Circular 09, the Bank, for management purpose has to classify guarantees, payment acceptances and irrevocable lending commitments with specific effective date into 5 groups, similar to loans to customers (Note 2(g)).

## (y) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts are reported in the separate interim balance sheet if, and only if, the Bank has currently enforceable legal rights to offset the recognised amounts and the Bank has an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.



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## 3. Presentation of financial instruments in accordance with Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC

During its business operations, the Bank regularly enters into contracts which give rise to financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments.

Financial assets of the Bank mainly include:

- · Cash:
- Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam;
- Balances with and loans to other credit institutions;
- Loans to customers:
- Trading securities:
- Investment securities;
- Capital contributions, long-term investments;
- · Derivative financial assets; and
- Other financial assets.

Financial liabilities of the Bank mainly include:

- Amounts due to the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam;
- · Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions;
- Deposits from customers;
- · Funds for finance, entrusted investments and entrusted loans;
- Valuable papers issued;
- · Derivative financial liabilities; and
- Other financial liabilities.

#### (a) Classification of financial assets and liabilities

Only for the disclosure purpose in the separate interim financial statements, the Bank classifies financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated 6 November 2009 issued by the Ministry of Finance ("Circular 210").

Financial assets are classified as:

- Financial assets held for trading;
- Held-to-maturity investments;
- Loans and receivables; and
- Available-for-sale financial assets.

#### Financial liabilities are classified as:

- Financial liabilities held for trading; and
- Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

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Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam 198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Notes to the separate interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued) Form B05a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

#### (b) Measurement and disclosures of fair value

In accordance with Circular 210, the Bank has to disclose the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities to compare with the book value of those financial assets and financial liabilities as disclosed in Note 24(b).

The disclosure of fair value of the financial instruments is only for the disclosure purpose in Note 24(b). The financial instruments of the Bank are still recognised and recorded in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to credit institutions issued by the SBV and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting as described in the notes above.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, among knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date.

When an active market exists for a financial instrument, the Bank measures the fair value of that instrument using its quoted price in the active market. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions.

In case there is not enough information to utilise valuation techniques, fair value of the financial instruments without quoted market prices in the active market are deemed not to have been reliably measured and therefore, not disclosed.

## 4. Trading securities

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Debt securities Government bonds	1,595,906	62,623

Form B05a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

## 5. Loans to customers

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Loans to local economic entities and individuals Discounted bills and transferrable valuable papers	910,140,505 3,617,609	830,326,399 2,549,713
	913,758,114	832,876,112
Loan portfolio by debt group was as follows:		
	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Current debts Special mentioned debts Sub-standard debts	901,292,749 5,629,957 917,672	824,897,063 2,789,066 668,690
Doubtful debts Loss debts	755,656 5,162,080	223,161 4,298,132
	913,758,114	832,876,112
Loan portfolio by term was as follows:		
	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Short-term debts Medium-term debts Long-term debts	480,120,221 39,447,981 394,189,912	432,309,365 39,268,605 361,298,142
	913,758,114	832,876,112

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## 6. Allowance for loans to customers

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
General allowance Specific allowance	6,558,963 17,525,625	5,859,047 13,316,062
	24,084,588	19,175,109

Movements in general allowance for loans to customers during period/year were as follows:

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Year ended 31/12/2020 VND million
Opening balance	5,859,047	5,249,429
Allowance made during the period/year	699,916	609,618
Closing balance	6,558,963	5,859,047

Movements in specific allowance for loans to customers during period/year were as follows:

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Year ended 31/12/2020 VND million
Opening balance	13,316,062	4,934,700
Allowance made during the period/year	4,827,820	11,162,582
Allowance utilised for writing-off of bad debts	(618,003)	(2,781,111)
Foreign exchange translation difference	(254)	(109)
Closing balance	17,525,625	13,316,062

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## 7. Investment securities

		30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
	Available-for-sale securities (a)	49,077,915	41,947,163
	Held-to-maturity securities (b)	98,910,932	114,976,021
		147,988,847	156,923,184
(a)	Available-for-sale securities		
		30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
	Government bonds	16,385,142	9,444,422
	Debt securities issued by other local credit institutions	32,946,626	32,696,219
		49,331,768	42,140,641
	Allowance for available-for-sale securities	(253,853)	(193,478)
	Total available-for-sale securities	49,077,915	41,947,163
(b)	Held-to-maturity securities		
		30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
	Government bonds	54,482,274	59,001,448
	Debt securities issued by other local credit institutions	38,311,519	51,041,344
	Debt securities issued by local economic entities	6,436,752	5,339,752
		99,230,545	115,382,544
	Allowance for held-to-maturity securities	(319,613)	(406,523)
	Total held-to-maturity securities	98,910,932	114,976,021

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#### Capital contributions, long-term investments 8.

#### (a) Investments in subsidiaries

As at 30 June 2021			
	Business sector	Ownership percentage	Cost
		(%)	VND million
Vietcombank Financial Leasing Vietcombank	Finance lease	100%	500,000
Vietcombank Securities Company Limited Vietnam Finance Company Limited in Hong	Securities	100%	700,000
Kong	Financial services	100%	235,222
Vietcombank Remittance Company Limited	Receipt of foreign		
	exchange	100%	30,000
Vietcombank Laos Limited	Banking	100%	1,820,400
Vietcombank Money Inc.	Foreign exchange		
	remittance	87.5%	204,978
Vietcombank Tower 198 Ltd.	Office leasing	70%	70,000
			3,560,600
As at 31 December 2020			
	Business sector	Ownership percentage	Cost
		(%)	VND million
Vietcombank Financial Leasing Vietcombank	Finance lease	100%	500,000
Vietcombank Securities Company Limited Vietnam Finance Company Limited in Hong	Securities	100%	700,000
Kong	Financial services	100%	116,902
Vietcombank Remittance Company Limited	Receipt of foreign		
	exchange	100%	30,000
Vietcombank Laos Limited	Banking	100%	1,820,400
Vietcombank Money Inc.	Foreign exchange		
	remittance	87.5%	204,978
Vietcombank Tower 198 Ltd.	Office leasing	70%	70,000
			3,442,280



Form B05a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

### (b) Investments in joint-ventures

	Business sector	30/6/2021 Ownership percentage	and 31/12/2020 Cost
		(%)	VND million
Vietcombank – Bonday – Ben Thanh			
Joint-venture Company Limited (i)	Office leasing	52%	410,365
Vietcombank Fund Management (i)	Investment fund management	51%	135,150
		-	545,515

(i) The Bank owns 52% of the total contributed capital of Vietcombank – Bonday – Ben Thanh Jointventure Company Limited and 51% of the total contributed capital of Vietcombank Fund Management. These companies' charters require a consensus among related parties on all important decisions on the companies' operational and financial matters. Hence, owning more than half of the companies' contributed capital does not mean that the Bank has control over these companies. The investments in these two companies are classified into "Investments in joint-ventures" rather than "Investments in subsidiaries".

### (c) Investments in associates

	Business sector	30/6/2021 an Ownership	d 31/12/2020 Cost
		percentage (%)	VND million
Vietcombank – Bonday Joint-venture Company Limited	Office leasing	16%	11,110

The Bank has significant influence through its participation in the Members' Council, but limited control over the financial and operating policies of this company. Therefore, the investment in the above company is classified into "Investments in associates" rather than "Other long-term investments".

### 9. Amounts due to the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam

30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million	
1,658,940	2,347,294	
1,237,589	1,800,563	
421,351	546,731	
1,235,739	36,393,923	
574,670	463,641	
661,069	513,282	
-	35,417,000	
6,182,797	2,435,778	
9,077,476	41,176,995	
	1,658,940 1,237,589 421,351 1,235,739 574,670 661,069	VND million         VND million           1,658,940         2,347,294           1,237,589         1,800,563           421,351         546,731           1,235,739         36,393,923           574,670         463,641           661,069         513,282           35,417,000           6,182,797         2,435,778

### 10. Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Deposits from other credit institutions	81,523,335	101,597,542
Demand deposits in VND	6,021,167	7,284,474
Demand deposits in foreign currencies	45,790,201	42,270,729
Term deposits in VND	19,363,975	33,600,000
Term deposits in foreign currencies	10,347,992	18,442,339
Borrowings in foreign currencies from other CIs	489,411	-
	82,012,746	101,597,542

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### 11. Deposits from customers

12.

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Demand deposits	316,939,391	307,223,544
Demand deposits in VND	246,656,982	238,401,802
Demand deposits in gold, foreign currencies	70,282,409	68,821,742
Term deposits	703,259,016	693,870,041
Term deposits in VND	627,742,884	615,206,265
Term deposits in gold, foreign currencies	75,516,132	78,663,776
Deposits for specific purposes	26,405,960	27,325,921
Margin deposits	5,594,135	3,844,045
	1,052,198,502	1,032,263,551
Valuable papers issued		
	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Certificates of deposits		
Medium-term in VND	115	115
Bills and bonds		
Short-term in VND	47	47
Short-term in foreign currencies	30	30
Medium-term in VND	10,363,945	10,369,645
Medium-term in foreign currencies	12	12
Long-term in VND	11,000,000	11,000,000
	21,364,149	21,369,849

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### 13. Other liabilities

30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
4,272,816	3,858,936
14,992,726	14,080,262
2,873,366	4,400,519
22,138,908	22,339,717
	VND million 4,272,816 14,992,726 2,873,366

### 14. Obligations to the State Budget

	Balance at	Movements duri	ing the period	Balance at
	1/1/2021 VND million	Incurred VND million	Paid VND million	30/6/2021 VND million
Value added tax	120,546	292,231	(374,366)	38,411
Corporate income tax	1,900,069	2,602,400	(3,619,701)	882,768
Other taxes	122,648	750,461	(729,431)	143,678
	2,143,263	3,645,092	(4,723,498)	1,064,857

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No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

## 15. Owners' equity

# (a) Statement of changes in equity

	Charter	Share	Other		Reserves		Retained	Total
	capital	premium	capital	Supplementary charter capital reserve	Financial reserve	Total	profits	WW CANAL
	VIND million	VIVD million VIVD million	VIND million	VIVD million	VIND minion VIND minion	VIVD IIIIIIII	VIVD IIIIIII	A IVD IIIIIII
Balance at 1/1/2021	37,088,774	4,995,389	412	4,897,572	9,722,766	9,722,766 14,620,338	35,483,283	92,188,196
Net profit for the period Utilisation during the period Other movements	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	111	(2,440)	(2,440)	10,418,870	10,418,870 (2,440) (192)
Balance at 30/6/2021	37,088,774	4,995,389	412	4,897,572	9,720,326	9,720,326 14,617,898	45,901,961	45,901,961 102,604,434



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### (b) Details of shareholders of the Bank

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Ordinary shares		
The Government of Vietnam	27,743,534	27,743,534
Foreign strategic shareholder (Mizuho Bank Ltd., Japan)	5,563,349	5,563,349
Other shareholders	3,781,891	3,781,891
	37,088,774	37,088,774

The Bank's authorised and issued share capital is as follows:

At 30/6/2021 a	nd 31/12/2020
Number of shares	VND million
3,708,877,448	37,088,774
3,708,877,448	37,088,774
3,708,877,448	37,088,774
	shares 3,708,877,448 3,708,877,448

All ordinary shares of the Bank have a par value of VND10,000.

### 16. Interest and similar income

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million
Interest income from loans to customers	29,111,903	28,053,345
Interest income from deposits	770,298	1,462,202
Interest income from trading and investing in debt securities:	4,153,118	4,678,900
- from investment securities	4,114,118	4,588,195
- from trading securities	39,000	90,705
Fees from guarantee activities	224,226	215,160
Other income from credit activities	409,543	249,209
	34,669,088	34,658,816

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### 17. Interest and similar expenses

18.

19.

Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million 13,014,299 44,482 717,281 22,884 13,798,946 Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million 16,946,768 57,341 747,327 29,658 17,781,094 Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million
13,014,299 44,482 717,281 22,884 13,798,946 Six-month period ended 30/6/2021	16,946,768 57,341 747,327 29,658 17,781,094 Six-month period ended 30/6/2020
44,482 717,281 22,884 13,798,946 Six-month period ended 30/6/2021	57,341 747,327 29,658 17,781,094 Six-month period ended 30/6/2020
44,482 717,281 22,884 13,798,946 Six-month period ended 30/6/2021	57,341 747,327 29,658 17,781,094 Six-month period ended 30/6/2020
717,281 22,884 13,798,946 Six-month period ended 30/6/2021	747,327 29,658 17,781,094 Six-month period ended 30/6/2020
Six-month period ended 30/6/2021	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020
Six-month period ended 30/6/2021	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020
period ended 30/6/2021	period ended 30/6/2020
period ended 30/6/2021	period ended 30/6/2020
30/6/2021	30/6/2020
23,486	33,779
(28,376)	(49,396)
(4,890)	(15,617)
investments	
Six-month	Six-month
	period ended
30/6/2021	30/6/2020
VND million	VND million
9,423	12,009
	335,880
	347,889
	VND million

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### 20. Operating expenses

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million
Tax, duties and fees	96,626	86,525
Salaries and related expenses	4,224,844	4,199,541
Of which:		
- Salary and allowances	3,859,638	3,859,638
- Contributions based on salary	355,073	328,940
- Other allowances	1,408	2,499
Expenses on assets	1,280,588	1,171,082
Of which:		
- Depreciation of fixed assets	585,059	413,070
Administrative expenses	3,380,700	2,141,369
Insurance expense for deposits from customers	343,805	309,530
	9,326,563	7,908,047

### 21. Cash and cash equivalents

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Cash on hand, gold, silver and gemstones	13,073,170	15,059,581
Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	23,226,345	33,009,681
Balances with and loans to other credit institutions with original term not exceeding 3 months	174,384,344	243,097,138
	210,683,859	291,166,400

### 22. Significant transactions and balances with related parties

### (a) Significant transactions with related parties

	Relationship	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million Income/	Six-month period ended 30/6/2020 VND million (expense)
The State Bank of Vietnam	Representative	7201 S1000	1207 8200
Interest income from deposits	of owner	43,925	72,485
Interest expense on deposits and borrowings		(39,119)	(58,331)
The Ministry of Finance			
Interest expense on deposits	Related party	(102,593)	(533, 187)
Interest expense on borrowings	of owner	(9,819)	(18,066)
Vietcombank Finance Leasing Company			
Limited	Subsidiary		
	Substally	36,274	56,172
Interest income from loans granted		(1,659)	(100)
Interest expense on deposits		(1,039)	(22,817)
Operating lease expenses Income from fee and commission		1 269	1,268
income from fee and commission		1,268	1,200
Vietcombank Securities Company Limited	Subsidiary		
Interest expense on deposits		(26)	(23)
Fee and commission income		3,069	1,673
Vietcombank Tower 198 Ltd.	Subsidiary		
Interest expense on deposits	Sucorara	(2,031)	(2,976)
Office rental expenses		(53,171)	(52,840)
Olive venille enpenies		(02,1.1)	(02,0.0)
Vietnam Finance Company Limited in			
Hong Kong	Subsidiary		
Interest income from deposits		278	1,749
Vietcombank Money Inc.			
Expenses for services		(2,211)	-
Vietcombank Remittance Company			
Limited	Subsidiary		
Interest expense on deposits	Subsidiary	(1,909)	(96)
interest expense on deposits		(1,505)	(50)
Vietcombank Laos Limited	Subsidiary		
Interest expense on deposits		(1)	(3)
			21.72

Remunerations for the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board of the Bank did not exceed 0.27% of profit after tax for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 according to Resolution No. 14/TN2021/NQ-DHDCD dated 23 April 2021 of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Remunerations for the Board of Management of the Bank were paid following the Salary Regulations of the Bank.

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### 22. Significant transactions and balances with related parties (continued)

### (b) Significant balances with related parties

	Relationship	30/6/2021 VND million Receivable	31/12/2020 VND million e/(payable)
The State Bank of Vietnam Deposits at the SBV Deposits and borrowings from the SBV	Representative of owner	23,226,345 (7,841,737)	33,009,681 (4,783,072)
The Ministry of Finance Deposits at the Bank Borrowings from the MoF	Related party of owner	(1,235,739) (856,605)	(36,393,923) (906,194)
Mizuho Bank Ltd., Japan Deposits at Mizuho Bank Ltd., Japan Deposits from Mizuho Bank Ltd., Japan	Foreign strategic parner	3,395,697 (4,214,914)	9,711,861 (4,236,034)
Vietcombank Finance Leasing Company Limited Loans to VCBL VCBL's deposits at the Bank	Subsidiary	3,686,128 (730,490)	3,786,500 (756,306)
Vietcombank Securities Company Limited Deposits at the Bank Capital-increasing bonds issued by the Bank Payables to the Bank	Subsidiary	(27,066) (29,342) 320	(12,738) (197,952) 336
Vietcombank Tower 198 Ltd. Deposits at the Bank Office rental fee paid in advance	Subsidiary	(205,874) 17,724	(242,180) 70,895
Vietnam Finance Company Limited in Hong Kong Deposits of the Bank	Subsidiary	905,887	804,561
Vietcombank Money Inc. Deposits at the Bank Advance for payment to TNMonex	Subsidiary	(9) 120,428	(8) 112,375
Vietcombank Remittance Company Limited Deposits at the Bank Payables to the Bank	Subsidiary	(1,264,500) 1,097,248	(378,548) 261,044
Vietcombank Laos Limited Deposits at the Bank Payables to the Bank	Subsidiary	(141,173) 22,790	(16,192)

dated 31 December 2014)

198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued) Notes to the separate interim financial statements

### Segment reporting 23.

)						
(-mo	Six-month period ended 30 June 2021	The North (*)	The Central	The South	Elimination	Total
		VND million	and Highland VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million
	Interest and similar income Interest and similar expenses	42,046,079 (33,719,692)	8,036,357 (4,831,860)	23,531,595 (14,192,337)	(38,944,943) 38,944,943	34,669,088 (13,798,946)
	Net interest income	8,326,387	3,204,497	9,339,258	1	20,870,142
	Fee and commission income	3,933,507	407,029	1,519,540	(407,804)	5,452,272
	Fee and commission expenses	(2,201,106)	(16,663)	(38,015)	407,804	(1,847,980)
	Net fee and commission income	1,732,401	390,366	1,481,525	· ·	3,604,292
	Net gain from trading of foreign currencies	1,297,288	82,755	646,402	1	2,026,445
IV	Net loss from trading securities	(4,890)	1		•	(4,890)
	Other income	488.865	304,996	818,694	1	1,612,555
	Other expenses	(197,293)	(48,488)	(23,190)	3	(268,971)
	Net other income	291,572	256,508	795,504	1	1,343,584
И	Income from capital contributions and equity investments	9,423	1	1		9,423
	Total operating income	11,652,181	3,934,126	12,262,689	1	27,848,996
VIII	Total operating expenses	(6,757,054)	(690,446)	(1,879,063)	7	(9,326,563)
	Net operating profit before allowance for credit losses	4,895,127	3,243,680	10,383,626	2	18,522,433
	Allowance for credit losses	(4,025,713)	(908,767)	(566,721)	1	(5,501,201)
	Profit before tax	869,414	2,334,913	9,816,905		13,021,232
	Current corporate income tax expenses	(171,998)	(466,983)	(1,963,381)	1	(2,602,362)
ПХ	Corporate income tax expenses	(171,998)	(466,983)	(1,963,381)	1	(2,602,362)
Ж	Profit after fax	697,416	1,867,930	7,853,524	1	10,418,870

As at 30 June 2021, the Head Office, located in the North, incurred some operating expenses for the whole system which were not allocated to other components within the Bank.

The main business activity of the Bank is provision of finance/banking services.

\*



Form B05a/TCTD (Issued in accordance with Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014)

### 24. Disclosures of financial instruments

### (a) Collateral disclosure

The Bank does not hold collaterals which are allowed to be sold or re-pledged in the absence of default by the owner of the collaterals.

### (b) Fair value disclosure

Circular 210 requires disclosures on fair value measurement method and related information of financial assets and financial liabilities for the purpose of comparing the carrying values and fair values.

The following table presents carrying value and fair value of the Bank's financial assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2021:

198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Notes to the separate interim financial statements Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued)

### Disclosures of financial instruments (continued) Fair value disclosure (continued) (p)

Asa	As at 30 June 2021			Carrying	Carrying value - gross				
		Held for trading VND million	Held-to- maturity VND million	Loans and receivables VND million	Available- for-sale VND million	Recognised at amortised cost VND million	Total carrying value VND million	Fair value VND million	
-	Financial assets Cash on hand, gold, silver and genistones	i		13,073,170			13,073,170	13,073,170	
Π	Balances with the SBV	ì	ľ	23,226,345	i	6	23,226,345	23,226,345	
H	Balances with and loans to other CIs	ï	1	188,347,837	t	•	188,347,837	*	
N	Trading securities	1,595,906	1		1	1	1,595,906	*	
M	Loans to customers		1	913,758,114	•		913,758,114	*	
VIII		1	99,230,545	Ĭ	49,331,768	3	148,562,313	*	
×	Capital contributions, long-term								
	investments	í	r	ī	1,587,823	į.	1,587,823	*	
XII	Other financial assets	ĩ	E	15,917,691	r	C)	15,917,691	*	
		1,595,906	99,230,545	1,154,323,157	50,919,591		1,306,069,199		
Н	Financial liabilities Amounts due to the Government and the								
	SBV and deposits and borrowings from	ì				91,090,222	91,090,222	*	
П	Deposits from customers	Ē		ì	T.	1,052,198,502	1,052,198,502	*	
H	Derivative financial instruments and other financial liabilities	30.621		1	ï		30,621	*	
N	Funds for finance, entrusted investments								
	and entrusted loans	ì	1	ï	ï	9,884	9,884	*	
>	Valuable papers issued	ì	E	ï		21,364,149	21,364,149	*	
M	Other financial liabilities	ï	ı	ř	ř	17,383,921	17,383,921	*	
		30,621	1	1	ï	1,182,046,678	1,182,077,299		

Due to insufficient information for valuation techniques, fair value of these financial assets and liabilities without an active market is not reliably estimated, and therefore is not disclosed. \*

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### 24. Disclosures of financial instruments (continued)

### (c) Risk management policies for financial instruments

The Board of Directors has the highest authority and responsibilities for the Bank's financial risk management to facilitate its sustainable growth.

Having taken those responsibilities, the Board of Directors appropriately promulgates risk management policies and strategies for each period, establishes risk limits, directly approves high-value business transactions in accordance with legal and internal requirements for each period, and determines organisational structure and key personnel positions.

Risk management strategies and policies of the Board of Directors are adhered to the Bank's charter and General Shareholders' Meeting resolution for each period.

The Risk Management Committee was established by the Board of Directors to assist the Board of Directors in managing all risks that may arise from the Bank's day-to-day business operations.

The Asset and Liability Credit and Operational Risk Committee ("ALCO") was established and chaired by the Chief Executive Officer. ALCO members are key personnel of the Bank being incharge of risk management.

ALCO is responsible for comprehensively monitoring and managing assets and liabilities in the consolidated and separate balance sheet of the Bank in order to maximise profit while minimising losses arising from negative market trends, manage liquidity risk and appropriately direct interest and foreign exchange rate schemes.

Within its authority, ALCO has the authority to make risk management decisions.

### (i) Credit risk

The Bank is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk of incurring a loss because its customers or counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligations. Credit exposures arise mainly in lending activities relating to loans to customers, and in investments in debt securities. Off-balance sheet financial instruments, such as loan commitments, also contain credit risk. The Bank controls and manages credit risk by setting up related policies and procedures, including the credit risk management policies and operational risk management policy by the Risk Management Committee and Credit Committee.

The Bank classifies loans to customers and other credit institutions, off-balance sheet commitments, entrusted loans and unlisted corporate bonds in accordance with Circular 02 and Circular 09 (Note 2(g)), and regularly assesses credit risks of non-performing loans in order to have appropriate resolutions.

In order to manage credit risks, the Bank has established policies and procedures relating to credit risk management; established credit manuals; performed credit risk assessment; set up internal credit rating systems and loan classification and decentralised authorisation in credit activities.

### 24. Disclosures of financial instruments (continued)

### (c) Risk management policies for financial instruments (continued)

### (i) Credit risk (continued)

The Bank's maximum exposure amounts to credit risk as at 30 June 2021, excluding collaterals and credit risk mitigations as follows:

	Neither past due nor impaired	Past due but not impaired	Impaired and allowance made	Total
	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million
Balances with the SBV	23,226,345	-	-	23,226,345
Balances with and loans to				
other credit institutions – gross Balances with other credit	187,347,837		1,000,000	188,347,837
institutions	162,369,766	21	-	162,369,766
Loans to other credit institutions	24,978,071	2	1,000,000	25,978,071
Trading securities – gross	1,595,906	-		1,595,906
Loans to customers – gross	876,859,731	14,221,086	22,677,297	913,758,114
Investment securities – gross	148,562,313		_	148,562,313
Available-for-sale securities	49,331,768	-	-	49,331,768
Held-to-maturity securities	99,230,545	-		99,230,545
Other assets	15,917,691	-		15,917,691
	1,253,509,823	14,221,086	23,677,297	1,291,408,206

Types and carrying value of collaterals held by the Bank at the end of the accounting period are described as follows:

	30/6/2021 VND million	31/12/2020 VND million
Deposits	101,670,706	123,910,591
Valuable papers	42,789,381	92,972,313
Real estate	1,078,515,149	956,523,665
Other collaterals	260,925,309	266,491,999
	1,483,900,545	1,439,898,568



### 24. Disclosures of financial instruments (continued)

### (c) Risk management policies for financial instruments (continued)

### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will unexpectedly fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The actual interest re-pricing term is the remaining term starting from the end of accounting period to the nearest interest re-pricing date of the items in the separate interim balance sheet.

The following assumptions and conditions have been adopted in the analysis of actual interest repricing term of asset and liabilities items in the separate interim balance sheet of the Bank:

- Cash, gold, silver and gemstones, capital contributions, long-term investments, and other assets (including fixed assets and other assets) are classified as free of interest items;
- Trading securities being debt securities are classified as "Up to 1 month" items;
- The actual interest re-pricing terms of investment securities are subject to issuers' terms and conditions on interest rate of issuing institution for each security type;
- The actual interest re-pricing term of balances with and loans to other credit institutions, loans to
  customers, amounts due to the Government and the SBV, deposits and borrowings from other
  credit institutions, deposits from customers, funds for finance, entrusted investments and
  entrusted loans and other liabilities are identified as follows:
  - Items with fixed interest rate during the contractual term: the actual interest re-pricing term is based on the contractual maturity date subsequent to the end of the accounting period;
  - Items with floating interest rate: the actual interest re-pricing term is based on the nearest re-pricing term subsequent to the end of the accounting period.
- The actual interest re-pricing term of valuable papers issued is based on valuable papers' maturities and the Bank's interest rate for each issuance.

The following table presents the interest rate re-pricing terms of the Bank's assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2021:

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## Risk management policies for financial instruments (continued) Disclosures of financial instruments (continued) 3

Interest rate risk (continued)

(ii)

	Overdue	Free of interest	Up to 1 month	From 1 to 3 months	From over 3 months to	From over 6 months to	From over 1 year to	Over 5 years
	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	6 months VND million	12 months VND million	5 years VND million	VND million
Assets								
Cash on hand, gold, silver and					3	a	3	•
gemstones	*	13,073,170	1					
Balances with the SBV			23,226,345	,	•	*	K	
Balances with and loans to other								
credit institutions - gross	•		163,191,571	14,680,570	7,737,990	2,737,706	40	•
Frading securities - gross			1,595,906				4	•
Loans to customers – gross	18,675,809		153,790,265	280,122,480	247,433,141	102,983,937	105,089,218	5,663,264
Investment securities - gross	,	•	2,876,053	4,867,032	19,452,986	20,235,209	83,996,455	17,134,578
Capital contributions, long-term								
investments - gross		5,705,048					,	•
Fixed assets		8,032,610	,					•
Other assets – gross	•	22,236,212		: L				1
Total assets	18,675,809	49,047,040	344,680,140	299,670,082	274,624,117	125,956,852	189,085,673	22,797,842
Liabilities								
Amounts due to the Government and the SBV and deposits and								
borrowings from other credit			04 252 650	000 000 \$	573 187	1 213 377		
Institutous Denocite from customers	. ,		556 357 108	146 445 893	148 993 520	194 282 772	6 119 209	
Derivative financial instruments				2000				
and other financial liabilities		30,621		,	,		ï	1)
Funds for finance, entrusted								

188,347,837

913,758,114 148,562,313 8,032,610 22,236,212

1,324,537,555

5,705,048

13,073,170 23,226,345

VND million

Total

institutions			84,353,658	5,000,000	523,187	1,213,377		
Deposits from customers	,	,	556,357,108	146,445,893	148,993,520	194,282,772	6,119,209	,
Derivative financial instruments and other financial liabilities	,	30.621		7	٠	,	•	,
Funds for finance, entrusted							0.884	
Investments and entrusted loans Valuable naners issued			905	12 7	10.979.450	3.120.000	5.898.794	1.365.000
Other liabilities	ť.	30,650,039	788,448	68,157				
Total liabilities	1	30,680,660	641,500,119	151,514,050	160,496,157	198,616,149	12,027,887	1,365,000
Interest sensitivity gap – on	18,675,809	18,366,380	18,366,380 (296,819,979) 148,156,032	148,156,032	114,127,960	(72,659,297)	177,057,786	21,432,842
Dallatte Silver								

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21,364,149 31,506,644

9,884

1,196,200,022 128,337,533

30,621

91,090,222 1,052,198,502

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### 24. Disclosures of financial instruments (continued)

- (c) Risk management policies for financial instruments (continued)
- (iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Bank was incorporated and operates in Vietnam, with VND as its reporting currency. The major currency in which the Bank transacts is VND. The Bank's loans to customers are mainly denominated in VND, USD and EUR. Some of the Bank's other assets and other liabilities are in currencies other than VND, USD and EUR. The Bank has set limits on currency positions based on its internal risk management system and relevant statutory requirements stipulated by the SBV. Currency positions are monitored on a daily basis and hedging strategies used to ensure positions are maintained within established limits.

The followings are the major exchange rates applied by the Bank at the end of the accounting period:

	Exchange	rate as at
	30/6/2021	31/12/2020
USD/VND	23,020	23,125
EUR/VND	27,394	28,499

The following table presents the Bank's assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that were translated into VND as at 30 June 2021:

198 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 (continued) Notes to the separate interim financial statements

## Disclosures of financial instruments (continued) 24.

## Risk management policies for financial instruments (continued) (3)

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	VND	OSD	EUR	Other	Total
	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million
Assets	10 845 338	1 611 836	365 101	250.895	13 073 170
Cash on hand, gold, shive and gonesiones Balances with the SBV	13,270,123	9 9 56 222	101,000	0,000	23 226 345
Balances with and loans to other credit institutions – gross	86,268,848	83,741,255	4,957,757	13,379,977	188,347,837
Trading securities – gross	1,595,906			1	1,595,906
Loans to customers – gross	805,651,796	107,726,631	376,344	3,343	913,758,114
Investment securities – gross	114,032,313	34,530,000	,	1	148,562,313
Capital contributions, long-term investments - gross	5,705,048	•	•		5,705,048
Fixed assets	8,032,610	1	,	3	8,032,610
Other assets – gross	20,961,044	1,157,398	114,965	2,805	22,236,212
Total assets	1,066,363,026	238,723,342	5,814,167	13,637,020	1,324,537,555
<b>Liabilities</b> Amounts due to the Government and the SBV and deposits and					
borrowings from other credit institutions	27,618,753	50,482,627	1,857,628	11,131,214	91,090,222
Deposits from customers	900,470,978	145,452,040	3,845,141	2,430,343	1,052,198,502
Derivative financial instruments and other financial liabilities	(41,827,515)	41,855,932	1,059	1,145	30,621
Funds for finance, entrusted investments and entrusted loans	9,884	•	•	1	9,884
Valuable papers issued	21,364,107	42	1	1	21,364,149
Other liabilities	29,511,173	1,523,224	395,912	76,335	31,506,644
Total liabilities	937,147,380	239,313,865	6,099,740	13,639,037	1,196,200,022
Currency position on balance sheet	129,215,646	(590,523)	(285,573)	(2,017)	128,337,533

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### 24. Disclosures of financial instruments (continued)

### (c) Risk management policies for financial instruments (continued)

### (iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk occurs when the Bank fails to fulfil its financial commitments with customers or counterparties due to unavailability of funds or liquidity.

The maturity of assets and liabilities represents the remaining terms of these assets and liabilities from the end of the accounting period to the maturity date according to the underlying contractual agreements or term of issuance.

The following assumptions and conditions have been adopted in the preparation of the Bank's assets and liabilities maturity analysis in the separate interim balance sheet:

- Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam are considered as current accounts with maturity of less than one month, including the compulsory deposits;
- The maturity of trading securities is considered to have maturity of less than one month because they are held in the short term for profit taking on price differences;
- The maturity of investment securities is based on maturity dates of each securities established by the issuers of these financial instruments;
- The maturities of balances with and loans to other credit institutions and loans to customers are based on the contractual maturity date. The actual maturity may vary from the original contractual term when the loan/deposit contract is extended;
- The maturity of capital contributions, equity investments is considered to be over five years as equity investments have no specified maturity; and
- Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions, deposits from customers, funds for
  finance, entrusted investments and entrusted loans and valuable papers issued are determined
  based on either the nature of the loans, deposits and valuable papers issued or their contractual
  maturities. For example, demand deposits of other credit institutions at the Bank and current
  accounts of the Bank at other credit institutions paid upon customers' demand are considered to
  be demand deposits, the maturity of term deposits and borrowings is based on the contractual
  maturity date. In practice, such items may be rolled over and maintained for longer period.

The following table analyses the remaining terms to maturity of Vietcombank's assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2021:

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# . Disclosures of financial instruments (continued)

# (c) Risk management policies for financial instruments (continued)

(iv) Liquidity risk (continued)

		Overdue	due			Current			
		Over 3 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 1 month	From over 1 month to	From over 3 months to	From over 1 year to 5	Over 5 years	Total
		VND million	VND million	VND million	3 months VND million	12 months VND million	years VND million	VND million	VND million
	Assets Cash on hand, gold, silver and gernstones Balances with the SBV	t t	ř. ř	13,073,170 23,226,345	( )	r x	r T	1, 3	13,073,170 23,226,345
	Balances with and loans to other credit institutions – gross  Trading securities – gross	1 1 200	200 606 21	163,191,571	14,680,570	8,951,902	1,523,794	- 1 200 100	188,347,837
XXAEA	Loans to customers – gross Investment securities – gross Capital contributions, long-term investments – gross Fixed assets Other assets – gross	SSO -	10,302,000	1,705,052	3,801,032	33,780,196	87,086,455	22,189,578 22,189,578 5,705,048 8,032,610	148,562,313 148,562,313 5,705,048 8,032,610 22,236,212
	Total assets	2,292,924	16,382,885	259,631,051	213,005,615	334,086,557	241,901,863	257,236,660	1,324,537,555
	Liabilities Amounts due to the Government and the SBV and deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions Deposits from customers	1. 1	1.1	83,932,693 242,697,230	5,004,157	1,764,556	318,101 64,451,944	70,715	91,090,222 1,052,198,502
	Derivative imancial instruments and ouler financial liabilities	1	3	1	30,621	7	i		30,621
	Funds for innance, entrusted investments and entrusted loans Valuable papers issued Other liabilities	1.10.1	r 5 1	905	30,650,039	5,000,000	9,884 5,791,750	- 10,571,494 856,605	9,884 21,364,149 31,506,644
	Total liabilities	1	1	326,630,828	197,226,302	379,902,314	70,571,679	221,868,899	1,196,200,022
	Net liquidity gap	2,292,924	16,382,885	(777,666,99)	15,779,313	(45,815,757)	171,330,184	35,367,761	128,337,533



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### 25. Post balance sheet events

Until the issuance date of the separate interim financial statements, there were no significant events occurring subsequent to 30 June 2021 that may significantly affect the separate interim financial position of the Bank and require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the separate interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021.

### 26. Seasonal or cyclical factors

The Bank's operation results are not affected by seasonal or cyclical factors except for the following items:

### Appropriation of reserves and fund

The appropriation of reserves as described in Note 2(r)(iv) and bonus and welfare fund will be made at the end of the annual accounting period.

### 27. Changes in accounting estimates

There was no significant change in accounting estimates made by the Bank in preparing these separate interim financial statements compared to those made in the most recent separate annual financial statements.

### 28. Changes in the composition of the Bank

There was no significant change in the composition of the Bank for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 compared with the most recent separate annual financial statements.

### 29. Approval of the separate interim financial statements

The separate interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Management of the Bank on 13 August 2021.

Hanoi, 13 August 2021

Prepared by:

Approved by:

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Huong

Mr. Le Hoang Tung

Ms. Phung Nguyen Hai Yen

NGÂN HÀNG

NGOẠI THƯƠNG NƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẦN

OAN KIÊM -

Deputy CEO

Deputy Director of Financial and Accounting Policy Department

Chief Accountant

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